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Volume At Price (VAP)

Not all prices are equal!



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Why Volume At Price?

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VAP: Why VAP?

Why use it?

- Quick Visual Indication of where the Share (Instrument) price is in relation to a historical distribution.
- Easily displays
 - Support and Resistance levels without the noise
 - areas where the price is likely to gap through
 - areas where strike prices are likely to be pertinent

Why teach it?

- Very little has been taught on the subject, green fields
- Has varying levels of Technical Analysis complexity
 - Basic Support and Resistance, Gaps (Subjective, Visual methods)
 - Advance Expected Monetary Value (Objective, Quantitative methods)



VAP: VAP versus Steidlmayer Distribution?

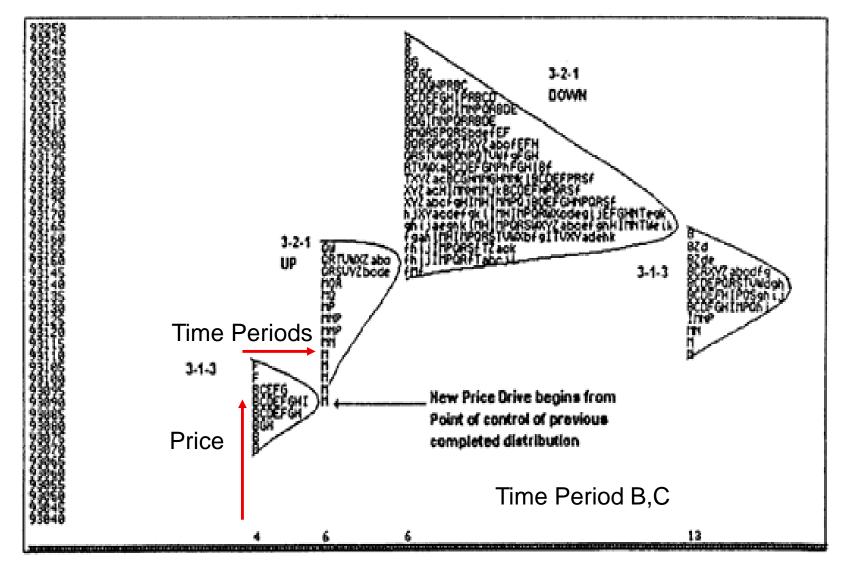
	Bar Charts	Steidlmayer Distribution	Volume At Price
Displays	Price at a certain time	Time spent at a certain price (?)	Volume traded at a certain price
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			Price
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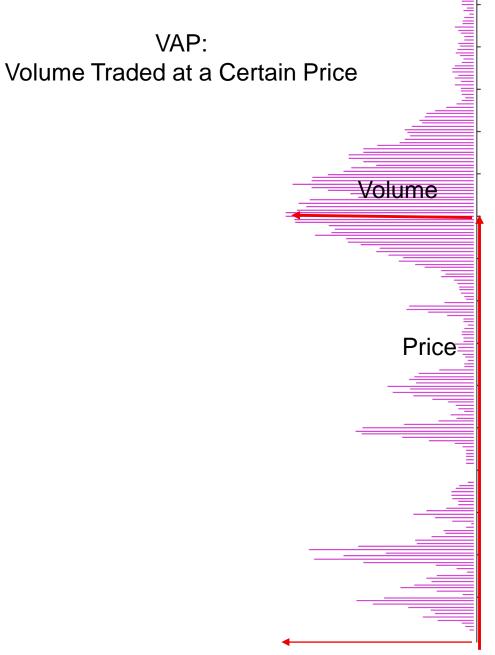
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SteidImayer Distribution: Time (periods) spent at a certain price



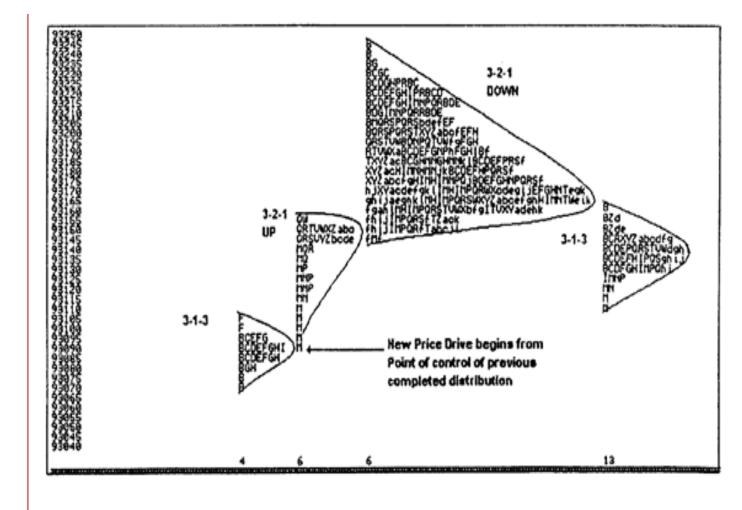




Volume Axis



SteidImayer Distribution: Vertical Arrangement Of Data (VAD)





Steidlmayer Distribution: Timelessness

- The first basic principle of the Distribution Theory is referred to as timelessness.
- Timelessness also means that when considering the shape of a distribution, the order of the price bars which made up the distribution is irrelevant.



SteidImayer Distribution: Limitations on Market Profile

- 1. The primary condition for a valid profile is a normal, equilibrium distribution.
- 2. All prices, even non-traded prices are treated equally.

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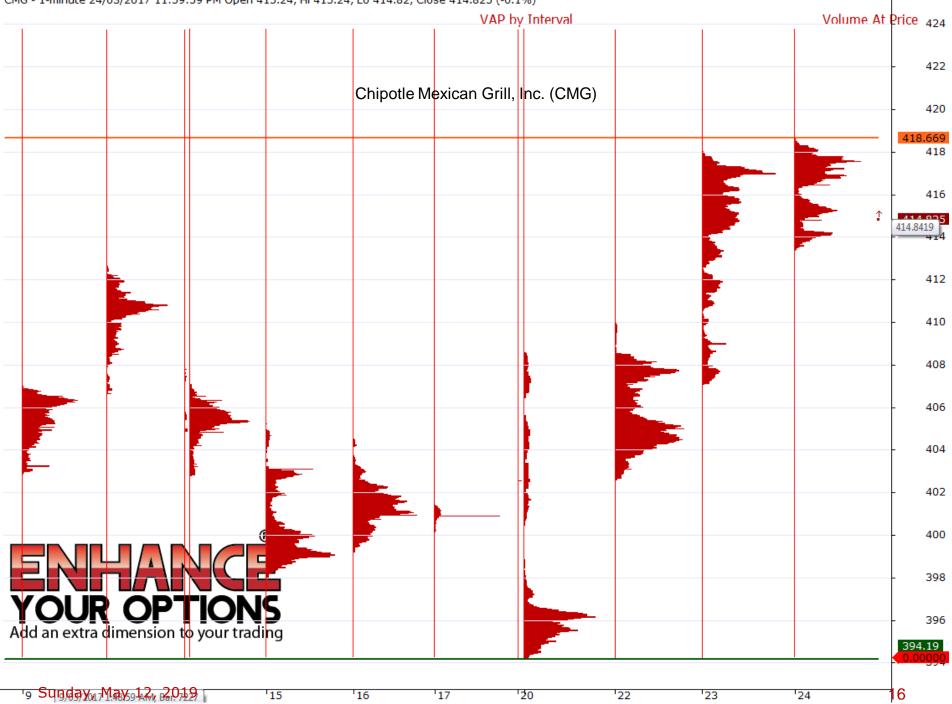
Volume At Price

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Volume At Price: Introduction

- Volume at Price is an indicator that shows the amount of volume for a particular price range, which is based on closing prices.
- A Volume At Price chart is simply the standard volume histogram reapplied to price instead of time.
- The Volume at Price bars are horizontal and shown on the left or right side of the chart to correspond with these price ranges.
- VAP bars are used for support and resistance levels, trading bases and gap areas.
- Also known as
 - Volume by Price
 - (Market)Volume Profile
 - Price by Volume



CMG - 1-minute 24/03/2017 11:59:59 PM Open 415.24, Hi 415.24, Lo 414.82, Close 414.825 (-0.1%)

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Volume At Price: HVN (Consolidation)

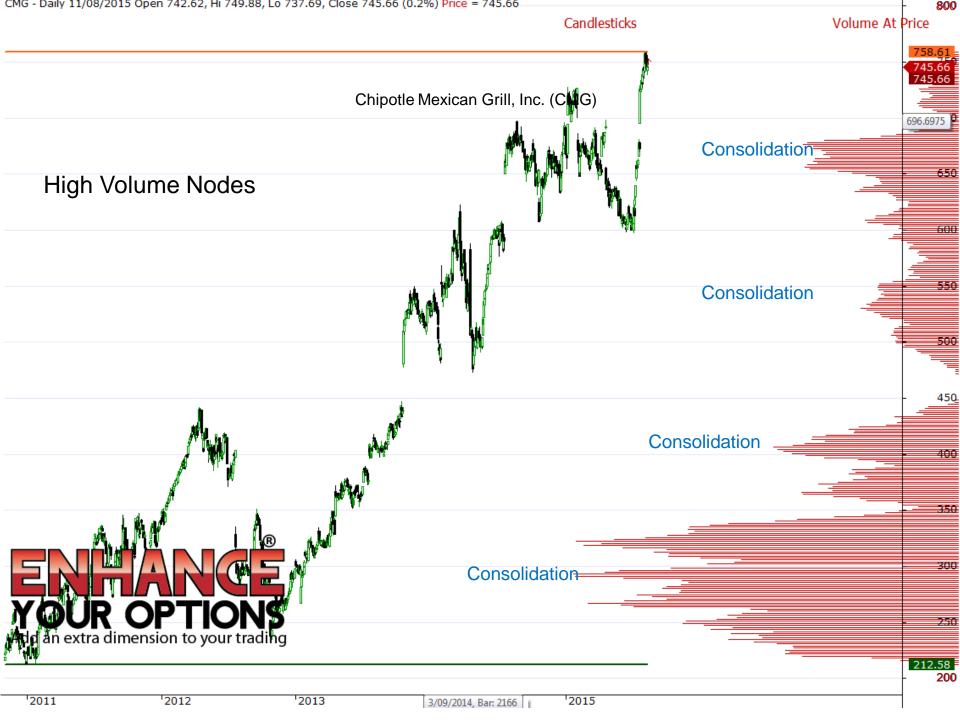
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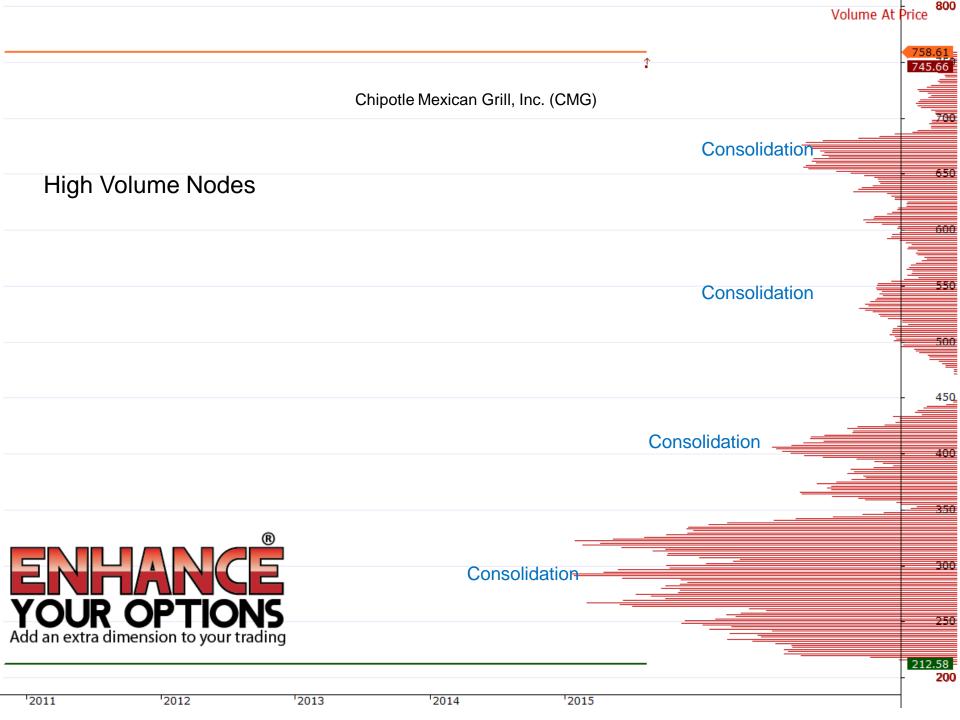
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Volume At Price: High Volume Nodes (HVN)

- HVN are peaks in volume at or around a price level.
- HVN can be seen as an indicator of a period of consolidation.
- Usually there is a great deal of activity on both the buy and sell side and the market oscillates at that price level for a great deal of time compared to other levels in the profile.
- This can imply a "fair value area" for the asset.
- When price approaches a previous HVN (or fair value area) a sustained period of sideways movement is expected.
- The market is less likely to immediately break through that price.





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Volume At Price: (LVN) Support and Resistance and Gaps

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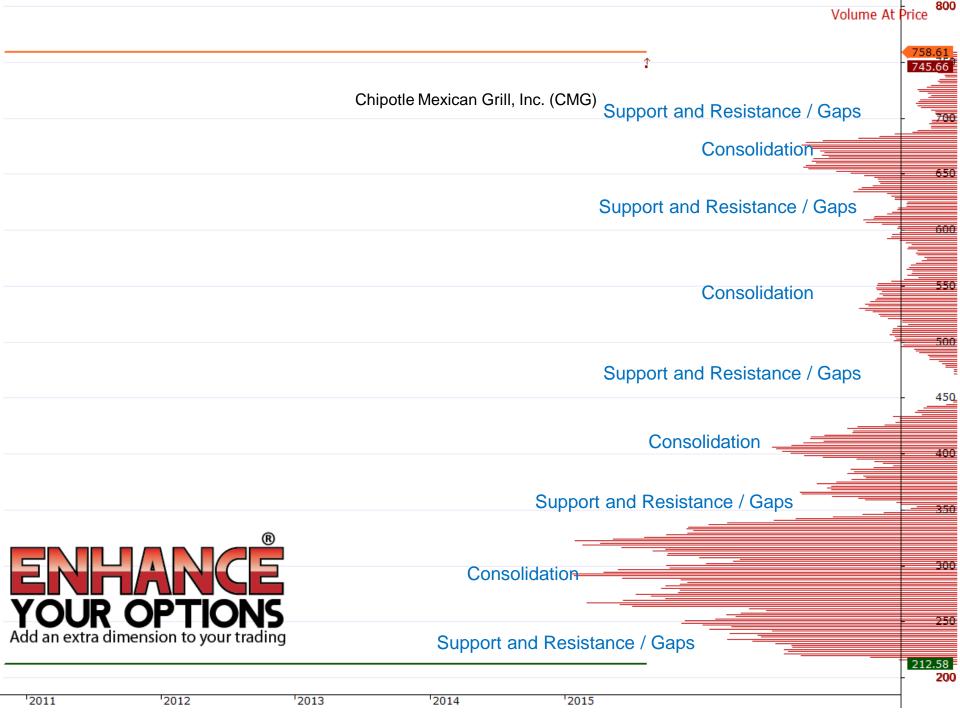


Volume At Price: Low Volume Nodes (LVN)

- LVN are the opposite.
- They are valleys (or significant drops) in volume at or around a price level.
- Low Volume Nodes are usually a result of a breakout rally or a breakdown.
- During a rally or a breakdown, there will typically be an initial burst of volume and then a significant drop off.
- The drop off can imply an "unfair value area" for the asset.
- When price approaches a previous LVN (or unfair value area), the market is much more likely to rally through or bounce off of that price level.
- Because it is seen as an unfair value area, the market will not spend as much time there compared to some other levels in the profile.









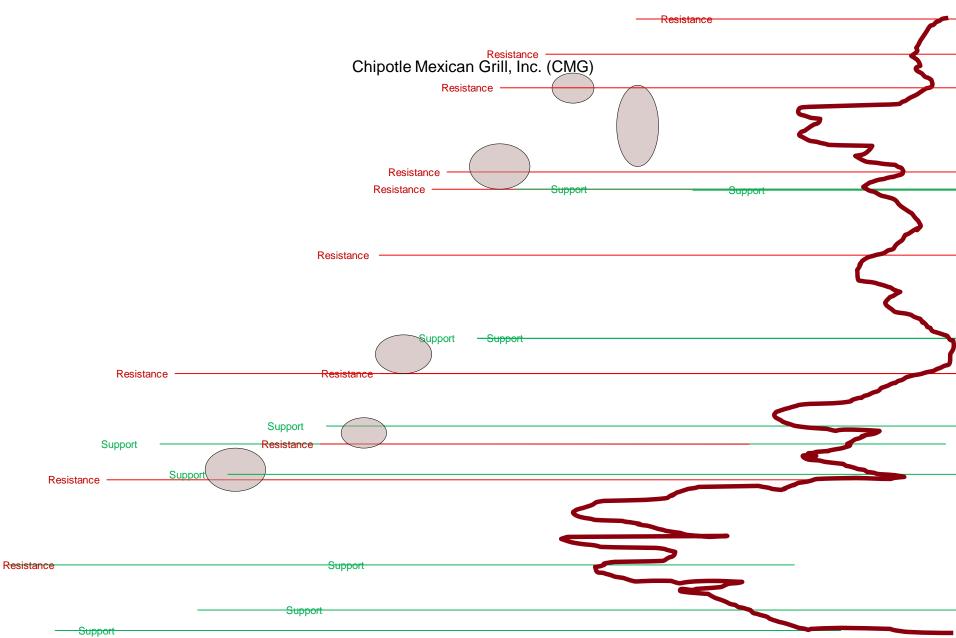
Volume At Price: Playing Gaps

- Gaps occur when an asset's price rapidly moves from one point to another, creating a visible gap or break between prices in the chart.
- VAP charts to help predict when a gapping stock will find stabilisation by looking for an area where there was a lot of prior interest.
- Gaps themselves can produce areas of future support and/or resistance, which can be visible by the VAP histogram.
 - 1. Common / Trading / Area Gaps Within Range
 - 2. Breakaway Gaps Breaking out of Range, New Trend
 - 3. Runaway / Measuring Gaps / Continuation Within Trend
 - 4. Exhaustion End of Trend
 - 5. Island Reversal Exhaustion followed by Breakaway / Runaway

Volume At Price: A Worked Example













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Volume At Price: Issues

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Volume At Price: Issues

- Used for range trading (mean reversionary trading)
- Does not identify trends, or when an entry should be made, just where it should be made.

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Probability – Subjective or Objective?

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Probabilities

- Probability is the measure of the likelihood that an event will occur.
- <u>Webster's Revised Unabridged Dictionary</u>. G & C Merriam, 1913;



Subjective vs Objective Probability

Subjective Probability	Objective Probability	
 probability derived from an individual's personal judgment about whether a specific outcome is likely to occur. 	 probability based upon an analysis in which each measure is based on a recorded, repeatable observation 	
 contains no formal calculations and only reflects the subject's opinions and past experience. 	 more accurate way to determine probabilities than observations based on subjective measures, such as personal estimates. 	
 can change over time according to any number of factors 	 Should not change over time, provided circumstances remain identical 	
 differ from person to person, and they contain a high degree of personal bias. 		

EMV



Expected Monetary Value (EMV)

- Expected Monetary Value, Expected Value or Expectancy
- Probability of Outcome (Pr) multiplied by the outcome (X), summed for all possible outcomes.
- Win \$1 for heads, lose a dollar for tails. (Fair die)

Probability	Result	Outcome	Expectancy
50%	Heads	+ \$1.00	= 50% x + \$1.00 = +0.50
50%	Tails	- \$1.00	$= 50\% \times - \$1.00 = -0.50$
100%			= +0.50 - 0.50 = 0

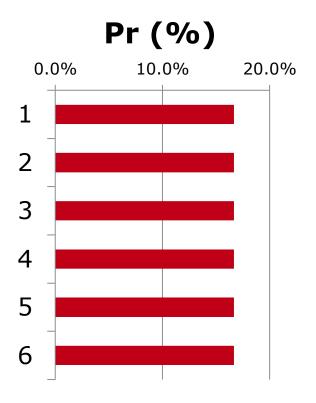


Distributions

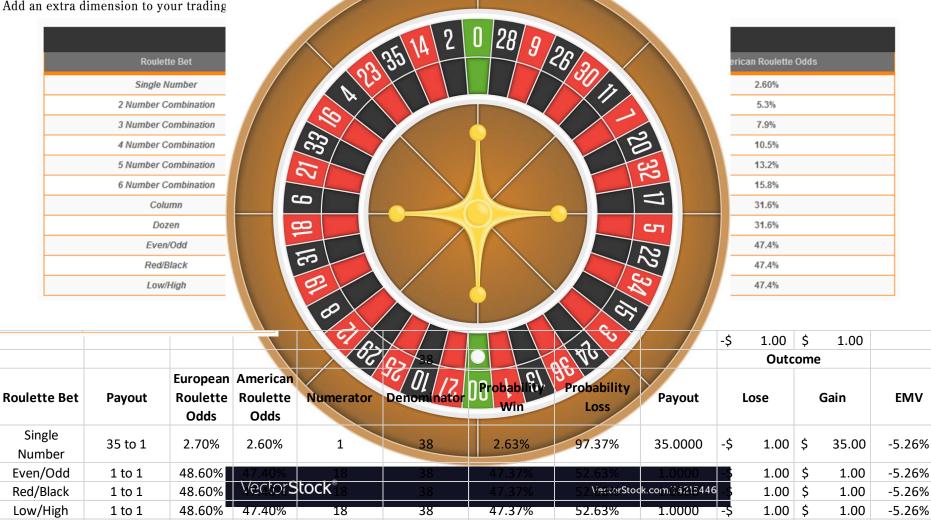
Uniform Distribution

- Uniform Distribution
 - Fair Dice

Probability	Result
1 / 6 = 16.67%	1
1 / 6 = 16.67%	2
1 / 6 = 16.67%	3
1 / 6 = 16.67%	4
1 / 6 = 16.67%	5
1 / 6 = 16.67%	6
100%	









Distributions

Normal Distribution

- Normal Distribution
 - Heights of people
 - Size of things produced by machines
 - Errors in measurements
 - Blood pressure
 - Marks on a test
 - Superannuation fund returns?
- Lognormal Distribution
 - Possible Share Prices around current price (Black Scholes Model)



Expected Monetary Value (EMV)

I use the VAP as a Probability Distribution Function for the Price moving forward to calculate an EMV for an Options Trade

EMV (Options Trade) = \sum Pr. Outcome x Outcome

Even though the Probability is **objectively measured**, it is historical information **projected to the future**, therefore it is **subjective**.

History tends to repeat itself!

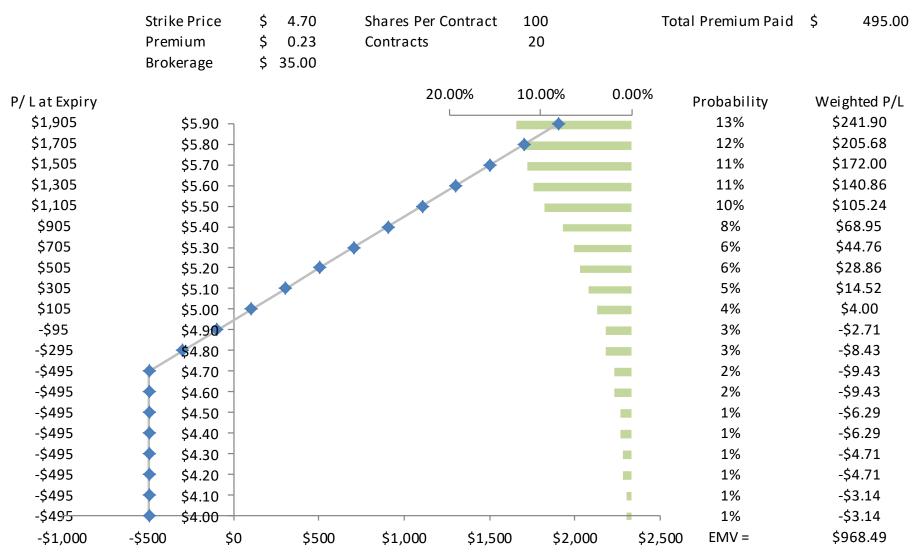












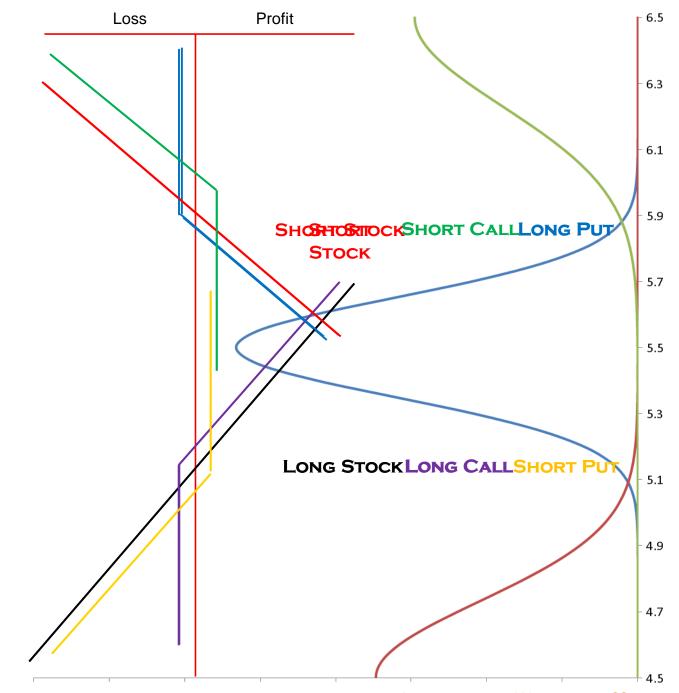
VAP and Options Strike Prices

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RoToR Payoff Diagram - Primary Strategies





Research: Using VAP to predict future price levels





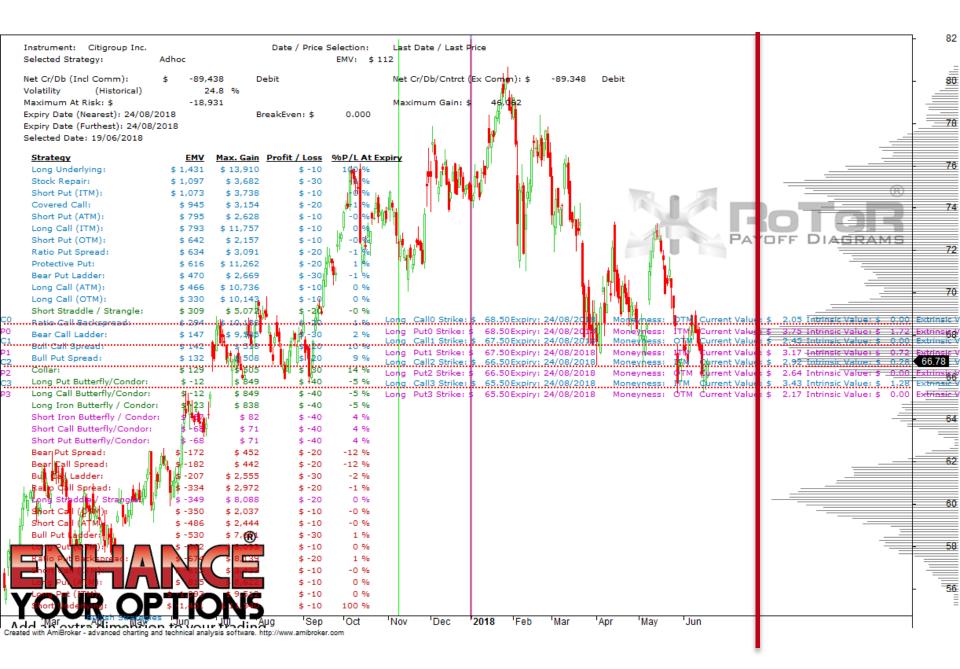
Research: Using VAP for Strategy Selection

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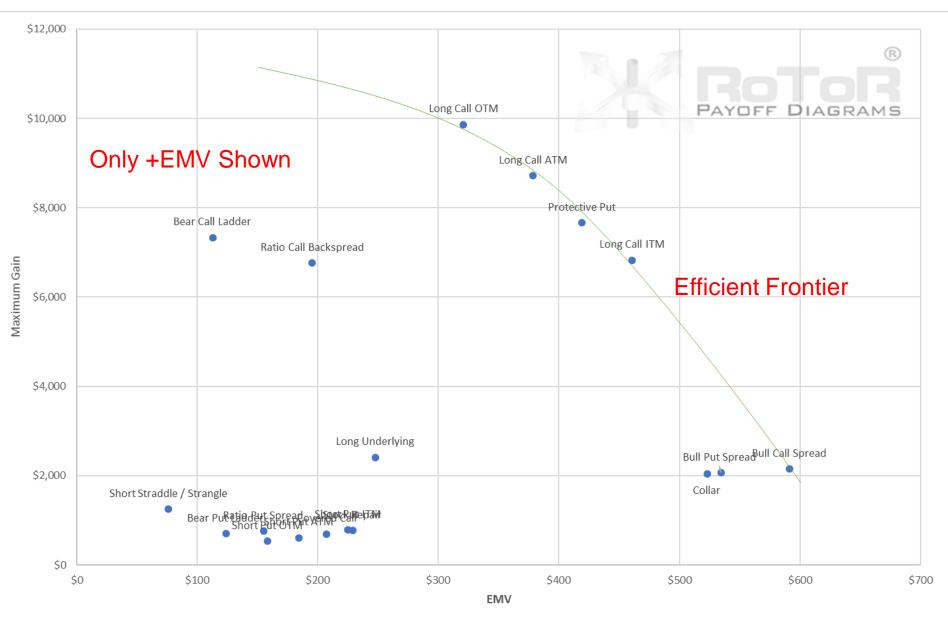
BOTTOM OF THE RANGE: EMV RANK

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		\$1,073			ock Repair			
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		\$795 🔺		▲ Short	Put ATM			
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		\$642 ×			It OTM			
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			\$616			Protectiv	ve Put	
		\$470		Bear F	utladdar	Troteett	i i i i	
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			\$466			Long Call		
			\$330 ×		@	Long Call OT	M	
		\$309 -			Short Straddle			
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			\$147			 Bear Call Ladde 	er	
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BOTTOM OF THE RANGE: EMV RANK (Standardised)

	<- Maximum At Risk			Maximum Gain ->				
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48		Long	Underlying				(
29		Stock Repair	, , ,				2	
25		Short Put ITM					3	
07		overed Call						
34		ort Put ATM						
51	= 51				ng Call ITM		6	
58 ×	Y Sho	ort Put OTM		LUI				
							8	
5		Ratio Put Spread						
.9					Protective Put		9	
4	B	ear Put Ladder					1	
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7		Bear Put Spre					2	
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3 🗡		l Call Ladder			Assumes	φΖΟΟΟ	2	
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32 *				ong Put ITM				
8 🔶 🚽		Short Underly	Plotting of EMV					

BOTTOM OF THE RANGE: Maximum Gain vs EMV





Summary

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VAP: Summary

Visual

- Displays Support and Resistance levels without the noise
- Displays areas where the price is likely to gap through

Trading

• A price near a low volume node has a low probability of staying there

Advanced

- Using VAP as a pdf in strategy selection
- Testing the hypothesis that VAP distributions predict future distributions

Thank You

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